## Student Living Index 2015

June 2015

NatWest

## Methodology and Sample



Audience: $\mathrm{n}=2,486$ university students living in the UK $\mathrm{n}=100$ students per university region
Panel Provider: YouthSight; experts in student and young professionals research. http://www.youthsight.com/
Objective: Compare current cost of living index by region versus average student cost of living. Understand spending habits and behaviour of students in 2015 compared with 2014


## Belfast lead the way being the most economical with their expenditure, oxford are the least so

## Student Living Index



Base: $2014(2,236), 2015(2,486)$ Student Living = average local weekly student expenditure on living and accommodation costs divided by average local weekly income for working students.

## Belfast jumped from being one of the least economical in 2010 to the most in 2015

| Student Living Index | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | 2014 | 2010 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Belfast | 1 | 9 | 24 |
| Southampton | 2 | 15 | 22 |
| Nottingham | 4 | 20 | 14 |
| Edinburgh | 5 | 7 | 17 |
| Manchester | 6 | 11 | 3 |
| Dundee | 7 | 14 | 12 |
| Sheffield | 8 | 8 | 16 |
| Reading | 9 | 1 | 5 |
| Glasgow | 10 | 6 | 1 |
| London | 11 | 16 | 4 |
| Plymouth | 12 | 24 | 25 |
| York | 13 | 22 | 13 |
| Liverpool | 14 | 5 | 7 |
| Portsmouth | 15 | 12 | 20 |
| Norwich | 16 | 2 | 19 |
| Brighton | 17 | 18 | 23 |
| Leicester | 18 | 21 | 11 |
| Bristol | 19 | 23 | 10 |
| Newcastle | 20 | 25 | 18 |
| Cardiff | Exeter | 21 | 17 |
| Birmingham | 21 |  |  |
| Leeds | 22 | 4 | 6 |
| Cambridge | 23 | 10 | 15 |
| Oxford |  | 24 | 13 |
|  |  | 25 | 19 |

## 1. INCOME

- WEEKLY INCOME
- MOTIVATIONS TO WORK


## TERM TIME INCOME



## WEEKLY RENT



## WEEKLY INCOME AND HOURS SPENT



## Most do not have a term-time job. But of those that do, the main motivation is to pay their way through university

What is your main motivation for choosing to have a term time job?


## Student loan remains the source of finance which contributes most, with parents the next largest source of income



## Little change in how students divide their time, with the majority spent on academic studies, followed by socialising



## WEEKLY HOURS - PART-TIME WORK



## WEEKLY HOURS - ACADEMIC STUDY



## WEEKLY HOURS - HOBBIES/INTERESTS



## WEEKLY HOURS - SOCIALISING



## 2. MOTIVATIONS AND EXPECTATIONS

- CHOOSING A UNIVERSITY
- OPINION OF FUTURE PROSPECTS


## This year, subject choice is now the leading factor when considering a university, followed by academic reputation

> What is your main motivation for choosing to study at your university? $$
-2014
$$



# Two thirds feel their chosen careers is more important. No change in scores since last year 

What is more important to you when applying for jobs after university?

■2014 ■2015


Just over half expect to have a job within a year of graduating, although not necessarily the right job. 16\% of students expect to have their dream job when they leave university, the same as last year


## 3. WEEKLY EXPENDITURE

- LIVING EXPENSES
- SPORTS AND HOBBIES


## LIVING EXPENSES

## Unsurprisingly, students spend more on groceries than on any other item

Weekly expenditure
UK student average


## Weekly Grocery Expenditure



## Weekly Utilities Expenditure



Base: $2015(2,486)$

## Weekly Eating Out Expenditure



## Weekly Alcohol Expenditure



## Weekly Going Out Expenditure



## Weekly Clothing Expenditure



## Weekly Travel Expenditure



## Weekly Phone Bill Expenditure



## Weekly Longer Distance Expenditure



## Weekly Books and Course Materials Expenditure



## Weekly Gym or Sports Membership Expenditure



## Weekly Music, Film or Gaming Expenditure



## Weekly Laundry/Dry Cleaning Expenditure



## Weekly Photocopying/Library Expenditure



## Weekly Cigarettes Expenditure



## SPORTS AND HOBBIES

## On average, students spend more money on gaming than any other activity

Weekly expenditure
UK student average


## Weekly Gaming Expenditure



## Weekly Football Expenditure



## Weekly Swimming Expenditure



Base: $2015(2,486)$

## Weekly Dance Expenditure



## Weekly Cricket Expenditure



## Weekly Rugby Union Expenditure



Base: $2015(2,486)$

## Weekly Athletics Expenditure



## Weekly Tennis Expenditure



[^0]
## Weekly Hockey Expenditure



[^1]
## Weekly Gymnastics Expenditure



Base: $2015(2,486)$

## Weekly Drama Expenditure



## Weekly Netball Expenditure



## Weekly Cheerleading Expenditure



## Weekly Rugby League Expenditure



## Weekly Chess Expenditure

$£ 0.03 £ 0.21 £ 0.13 £ 0.12 £ 0.08 £ 0.05 £ 0.04 £ 0.03 £ 0.02 £ 0.02 £ 0.02 £ 0.02 £ 0.01 £ 0.01 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00 £ 0.00$



[^0]:    Base: $2015(2,486)$

[^1]:    Base: $2015(2,486)$

